

PSHCE, RSE and D&A Policy 'On a Page' at Copperfield

Resilience Citizenship and community spirit **Moral Compass British Values** Problem solving, co-operation and teamwork Confidence, self-worth and happiness **Bouncing back to happiness** Caring for my friends and the place where I live **Responsibility for my choices** Understanding we are all different **Keeping Safe Project management** Positive self-talk **Recovering from setback** Respecting other people's cultures and beliefs



The Copperfield Way

PSHCE, RSE and D&A

Intent:

Pupils at Copperfield Academy will be resilient, community spirited, have good morals, understand and follow British Values, be able to problem solve within a team and be confident and happy individuals.

The key principles that pupils will study are;

- Resilience, Citizenship and Community Spirit, Moral Compass, British Values, Problem solving and teamwork, Confidence, Self-worth and happiness
- Through this the children will acquire the understanding of;

Caring, helpfulness, creativity, generosity, happiness, honesty, friendliness, neighbourliness, courage, flexibility, joyfulness, self-control, respect, confidence, understanding, forgiveness, courtesy, kindness, co-operation, determination, fairness, liberty, tolerance, patience, justice, trust, unity, truthfulness, perseverance, positivity, curiosity, service, orderliness

Pupils at Copperfield will have a good understanding of Sex, Relationships Education (RSE) and Drugs Education in relation to their age

Implementation:

- Values assemblies on a Monday will focus on different values
- Linked to values assemblies are exit posters that each class complete throughout the week related to that value
- PSHCE differentiated lessons taught in classes and across phases

Impact (Anticipated/expected):

- Pupils at Copperfield Academy will be resilient, community spirited, have good morals, understand and follow British Values, be able to problem solve within a team, be confident and happy individuals, and to have a good understanding of RSE and Drugs education for their age

LONG TERM PLAN

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Autumn	Resilience	My Family and	How am I	Pressures I may	My Feelings and	Similarities,	My Mental
1	Bouncing back to	Me	feeling?	Face	Me	Differences and	Health and
	Happiness					Stereotypes	Me
Autumn	Citizenship and	Being the	My Friends and	Great Friends	Responsible Me	Careers Week	Choices,
2	Community Spirit	Healthiest Me	Me	Think Alike			Choices,
	Caring for my friends and						Choices
	the place where I live						
Spring 1	Moral Compass	Citizenship	Healthy Me	Looking After	Respecting the	Online Safety	Living in an
	Trousers of Truthfulness			Me	Individual		Online World
Spring 2	British Values	Caring for the	Jobs in our	People in our	Managing	First Aid and Head	Changing
	How can we be polite and	Wider World	Community	Community	Myself and My	Injuries	Relationships
	courteous?				Behaviour		
Summer	Problem solving, co-	Safe Me	My Body	We are Family	Collective	Growing Up	Reproduction
1	operation and teamwork				Responsibility		
	Co-operative Classrooms						
Summer	Confidence, self-worth,	Economics	Where's the	First Aid	Puberty	What do I know	Moving on
2	and happiness		Risk			about Drugs?	UP
	Brave as a Lion						

KEY ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

	By the end of the year, children should be able to								
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
EYFS Thinking Skills	Share views respectfully Give reasons for ideas with evidence/ examples	Show that they are actively listening and responding Suggest what might happen if	Identify big ideas in a stimulus and ask questions related to these Support and build on the ideas of others	Empathise with how others are feeling/thinking about something Encourage others to join in discussions	Show appreciation for the comments of others i.e. that is a really good point/that has made me think about	Show an interest in the progress of an enquiry Show that they have extended their thinking beyond the PSHE session			
	Agree and disagree respectfully. Connect an idea to another idea	Demonstrate how to build on others' ideas Be an effective member in small group tasks Suggest different possibilities/ideas	Keep focussed on the matter at hand Explain how ideas are linked Explore a range of different possibilities	Draw upon evidence and own experiences Suggest reasoned conclusions Show a willingness to illustrate the ideas of others with own experiences Identify associated concepts and explain their relevance and connections	Question peers to support progress in an enquiry Evaluate own evidence offered and that offered by others i.e. I think that example is Air feelings in a way that supports the enquiry Encourage others to contribute to an enquiry Evaluate in some detail the range of possibilities	Evaluate a range of reasoned conclusions Identify assumptions and evaluate their impact Summarise the progress of an enquiry Suggest ways in which an enquiry might move to make progress Suggest and explain new and novel ideas that build on the ideas of others			

How specific rules and to recognise **Health and Wellbeing** How specific rules and How to recognise How To recognise and Understand the links restrictions help them restrictions help them hazards that could personal qualities and respect similarities and between mental and to keep safe. to keep safe (e.g. basic cause themselves (or individuality differences between physical health road, fire, cycle, water others) harm and how people and there are a safety; in relation to to reduce them range of factors that Who helps them to Understand how their How wellbeing can be medicines/ household personal attributes and contribute to a stay healthy and what supported by positive products and person's that means (e.g. Understand how achievements friendships and online) identity contribute to their selfparent, dentist, doctor) equipment and involvement in clubs clothing can help keep esteem and feeling of and community groups you protected and safe self-worth That things people put How to recognise and How individuality and identify risky and personal qualities into or onto their How to make choices bodies can potentially unsafe That their body How everyday things make up someone's that support a healthy, affect how they feel situations (in familiar belongs to them and can affect feelings and identity balanced lifestyle how they change over and unfamiliar should not be hurt or (including gender including calories touched without their time and can be environments, identity) content and nutrition. How medicines including online) and permission; what to do experienced at (including vaccinations different levels of take steps to avoid or and That drugs can affect and immunisations) Understand remove themselves who to tell if they feel intensity can help people stay health and how to stereotypes, including from them these uncomfortable healthy and that some manage situations those in relation to situations The importance of people need to take involving them protective expressing feelings and medicines every day to How to recognise and characteristics, and How to recognise and how to respond stay healthy resist pressure to do how they are not How to recognise early resist pressure to do proportionately as well something that makes always accurate, and signs of physical or something that makes as manage them in them feel unsafe or mental ill health and Why hygiene is can negatively them feel unsafe or different important and how uncomfortable influence behaviours what to do about this, uncomfortable simple routines can (including circumstances and including whom to stop germs from being online) speak to in and outside attitudes towards Recognise that not school passed on How to managing others everything they see How everyday health feelings at online is true or What they can do to That health problems. and hygiene rules and times of loss, grief and How to challenge trustworthy take care of their including mental health routines help people stereotypes and change personal hygiene on a problems, can build up stay safe and healthy assumptions about Recognise whether daily basis, e.g. if they are not others How and where to something is unsafe, brushing teeth and recognised, managed, How to react and access advice and scaring them or they or if help is not sought hair, respond if there is an support to help How to carry out basic are worried about it early on hand washing accident and how to manage their own or first aid and that if and how to tell a deal with minor

injuries e.g. bites and

stings

trusted adult

That people have

different roles within

the community to help

others' feeling

About puberty and

how bodies change

someone has

injury,

experienced a head

Health problems can

become worse if not

addressed early on and

them (and others)
keep safe - the jobs
they do and how they
help people

Recognise and have an
understanding of who
can help them in

Recognise and have an understanding of who can help them in different places and situations; how to attract someone's attention or ask for help; what to say

How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they don't know

Understand the importance of asking for support and to keep trying until they are heard if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others

Recognise that different things are needed to keep the body healthy e.g. food and drink, physical activity, sleep and rest

Recognise that eating and drinking too much sugar can affect their health, including dental health

To understand how to be physically active and how much sleep they should be getting everyday

Recognise the need to limit screen-time and that we can learn and play in a variety of different ways What to do in an emergency, including calling for help and speaking to the emergency services

Understand what constitutes a healthy balanced diet

How to maintain good oral hygiene (including regular brushing and flossing) and the importance of regular visits to the dentist

Recognise how not eating a balanced diet can negatively affect health and why people choose to eat what they do

Understand that regular physical activity benefits

during puberty. including menstruation, hygiene routines, emotions and feelings

How to ask for advice and support about growing and changing and puberty

How to recognise, predict, assess and manage risk in different situations including the local environment and less familiar locations

Understand that you can be influenced by peers' behaviour and by a desire for peer approval

How individuality and personal qualities make up someone's identity they should not be moved

When it is appropriate to use first aid and the importance of seeking adult help

Importance of remaining calm during an emergency and providing clear information

How drugs common to everyday life can affect health and wellbeing

That some drugs are legal and other drugs are illegal and the laws surrounding them are designed to protect us

Why people choose to use drugs, how the use of them can become a habit and how the risks associated with them can be prevented

that anyone can experience them

Mental health difficulties can usually be resolved or managed with the right strategies and support

if there is and som	spending time outdoors and how to keep safe in the sun How to recognise, name and describe a range of feelings as well as what helps them to feel good, or better if not feeling good How feelings can change based on different things/ times and experiences and that these are not the same for each individual How feelings can affect people in their bodies and their behaviour Understand there are ways to manage a range of feelings and the importance of sharing them with someone they trust	and that a lack of activity can affect health and wellbeing How to be active on a daily and weekly basis and how to make physical activity choices to support this - how to balance time online with other activities How lack of sleep can affect the body and mood and simple routines that support good quality sleep	themselves as well as manage set-backs, learn from their mistakes and reframe unhelpful thinking Understand that rules, restrictions and laws exist to help people keep safe and how to respond if they become aware of a situation that is antisocial or against the law	from a trusted adult if they have any worries or concerns about drugs How people's online actions can impact on other people how to keep safe online, including managing requests for personal information and recognising what is appropriate to share or not share online and how to report concerns,	
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Relationships	What they like/dislike	Know how to make	Understand how	Recognise how	To know about the	That people have
	and are good at	friends and recognise	wellbeing can be	people's behaviour	different types of	different kinds of
		when they feel lonely	supported by	affects themselves and	relationships people	relationships in their
	What makes them	and what they could	friendships and the	others, including	have in their lives	lives, including
	special, their personal	do about it	importance of seeking	online		romantic or
	features or qualities		support if you are		How friends and family	intimate relationships
	and how everyone has	Know what friendly	feeling	How to be polite and	communicate with	
	different strengths and	behaviour is and what	lonely or excluded	courteous in different	each other and how	That people who are
	qualities unique to	makes you a good		situations and	the internet and social	attracted to and love
	them	friend	Learn strategies to	recognise the	media can be used	each other can be of
			include children that	respectful behaviour	positively	any gender,
	What children have in	Know how to resolve	are feeling lonely and	they should receive in	,	ethnicity or faith *
	common and how they	arguments that can	excluded as well as	return	Knowing the difference	•
	are	occur in friendships as	how to spot those that		between contact with	That adults can choo
	similar or different to	well as how to ask for	are	About the relationship	someone online and	to be part of a
	others	help if particular		between rights and	face-to face	committed relations
	others	friendships are making	How to build healthy	responsibilities		or not, including
	To was the courset	them	friendships and identify		How to recognise risk	marriage or civil
	To use the correct names for the main	unhappy	qualities that	That people have the	in relation to	partnership
	parts of the body,		contribute to positive	right to privacy and	friendships and	par tirererinp
	including external	How their actions can	friendships	how to recognise	keeping safe	Understand that
	genitalia; and that	affect people's feelings	·	when a confidence or	1 0	marriage is a choice
	parts of bodies		Recognise that	secret should or	Understand the key	and should be wante
	covered with	How to ask for and	sometimes friendships	should not be kept	stages to the human	equally by both peop
	underwear are	give/not give	have difficulties and	(shared with a trusted	life cycle including	and that forcing
		permission regarding	identify how to	adult)	menstruation,	someone to marry
	private*	physical contact and	manage problems or	,	ejaculation, emotions	against their will is a
	-1 . 6 . 11	how to respond if	arguments and resolve	That everyone should	and	crime*
	That family is one of	physical contact makes	problems or	feel included,	feelings	CHITC
	the groups they belong	them uncomfortable	differences of opinion	respected and be	o de la companya de	How puberty relates
	to, as well as, for	or unsafe		aware of the process of	How to recognise and	growing from
	example, school,		How to recognise and	stereotyping; how to	ask for help or advice	childhood to adultho
	friends, clubs	Why calling others	get support if a	respond if they witness	if puberty worries me.	Simulious to duditilo
		names, teasing,	friendship is making		pascity wornes me.	About the reproduct
	That there are	bullying and excluding	you feel unhappy,	or experience		•
	different people in the	1 ' 5	' ' ' ' '	exclusion, disrespect or		organs and process -
	family they belong to	ciliaren	unnealthy of unsafe	discrimination		
	family they belong to	children	unhealthy or unsafe	discrimination		how babies are

conceived and

How their f	amily deliberately is	That families don't all	How to recognise and	Recognise the types of	born and how they
members, o		have the same	respond to aggressive	content (including	need to
they feel are		structure*	or inappropriate	images) that are safe to	be cared for*
act to make	The second second		behaviour (including	share online; ways of	
feel loved a	nd cared situations	That positive family life	online and unwanted	seeking and giving	How growing up and
for		often includes shared	physical contact) –	consent before images	becoming more
	How to report bullying	experiences, e.g.	how to report concern	or personal information	independent comes
Understand		celebrations, special	'	is	with increased
makes famil	,	days or holidays		shared with friends or	opportunities and
same and w	0e) to a tractou	1 212		family	responsibilities
them differe		How people within			
features of	importance or doing so	families should care for		How to recognise and	That friendships may
including w		each other and the		respond if a friendship	change as they grow
do / enjoy t	ogetner	different ways they demonstrate this		is making them feel	and how to manage
The state in the		demonstrate this		worried, unsafe or	this
That it is im	•	How to recognise and			
	e (such as a	ask for help or advice		uncomfortable	How to manage
trusted adu	•	=		Hamba wasanisa	changes such as:
if something		if family relationships		How to recognise	including moving to
their family		are making them feel		inappropriate pressure,	secondary school; how
them feel u	nhappy or	unhappy, worried or		contact or concerns	to ask for support or
worried		unsafe		about personal safety	where to seek further
				and how to respond to	information and advice
				his by asking for help	regarding growing up
				and advice	and changing

Living in the Wider World	What money is, how it is obtained and that is comes in multiple forms How to make choices about spending money, saving money and how to keep it safe The difference between what we need and what we want How behaviour, both kind and unkind, can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and work cooperatively That they have responsibilities both in and out of the classroom That both people and animals need to be cared for That they and others can help care for the environment and what can harm it both locally and globally	The importance of having a job to help people earn money to pay for things they need and want How people have different skills and interests that enable them to do different jobs About a variety of different jobs, including those done by people they know or people who work in their community How the internet and digital devices helps people do their jobs and carry out their everyday lives	That they belong to different groups and communities outside of your immediate family What makes a community diverse; how the local/wider community around the school is made up of different groups How recognising and valuing the contributions of others helps everyone within the community feel included How to be respectful towards people who live different lives than they do	How there is a collective responsibility to help protect the world around us How the environment can be effected by the everyday choices that we make, including what we choose to buy or spend money on The skills and vocabulary needed to share their thoughts, ideas and opinions in discussion about topical issues How to show care and concern for both people and animals	What influences peoples' decisions when spending or saving money and how people keep track of their money To recognise that there are risks inherent in gambling, the impact that these can have and why people still do it Understanding the different choices and options people have to pay for things How to understand whether things are value for money and what this means to different people That money can be won, lost or stolen and that money can affect people's feelings and emotions There are a broad range of different jobs and people often have more than one during their careers and over their lifetime	How the media, including online experiences, can affect people's wellbeing — their thoughts, feelings and actions That not everything should be shared online or social media and that there are rules about this, including the distribution of images That mixed messages in the media exist (including about health, the news and different groups of people) and that these can influence opinions and decisions How text and images can be manipulated or invented as well as strategies to recognise this To evaluate the reliability of how different types of online content and media To recognise and respond to unsafe or
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					There are skills, attributes, qualifications and training needed for different jobs	suspicious content online How information is tailored to meet the interests of individuals and groups, and
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		and some are paid more than others (including unpaid voluntary work) People's choice of a career/job is influenced by interests, skills and pay and there are different ways into them such college, apprentices and university	how it can be used to influence them How to recognise whether content they view online is age appropriate and make decision based on this How to respond to and if necessary, report information viewed online
		How to question and challenge stereotypes about the types of jobs people can do	

VOCABULARY PROGRESSION

EYFS Year 1	Year 2	Year	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Accident	Appropriate/	Aerobic	Achievements	Addiction	Adoption
Behaviour	Inappropriate	Balanced Diet	Aggressive, Anti-	Administer	Affect Anxiety
Belong	Arguments	Casualty Cavities	Social Approval	Adoption	Arranged marriage
Bottom,	Bullying Careers	Celebrations	Attributes	Assumptions	Calorie
Common	Consent	Challenging	Circumstances	Bisexual	Conception
Community	Contact, devices	Conflicting	Climate Change	Body image	Consent
Consent	Digital Diversity	Consent	Commitment,	Characteristics civil	Critical
Diet	Emotion	Contribute	Communication	Partnerships	Effect
Differences	Endorphins	Courteous	Compromise	Consent	Egg
Earn	Excluding Feeling	Cultural Decay	Confidence	Ejaculation epi pen	Embryo
Economics	Harm harmful	Emergency	Consent	Foster	Fertilisation
Empathy	Hazards hurtful	Experiences	Consequences	Gambling	Forced marriage
Endangered	Job description	External	Crisis	Gender neutral	Fostering hacking
Environment	Local	False	Debate	heterosexual	Intercourse
Exercise	Loyal	Advertisements	Discrimination	Homosexual	interracial IVF
Feelings	Mediation	First aid	Equality Grief	Inhaler	lifestyle
Female	Mindfulness	Gay	Human rights	Media	Manipulate mental
Finance	Nutrients	Goals	Identity	Menstrual cycle	health
Fundraising Gen	der Occupation	Injury Lesbian	Illegal	Misinformation	mental health
Global	Online safety	Maintain manners	Individuality	misleading, Online	problems
Healthy	Personal change	Minimise multi-	Influence	footprint	Ovary
Hygiene	Personal space	Cultural opinions,	Intensity	Prescription	physical health
Immunisation	Physical plaque	Oral permission	Laws Legal life cycle	Prevent	Platonic pop ups
Male,	Protect	Personal qualities	Loss	Qualification	Reproduction
Medicine	Protect public	Pescatarian	Menstruation	Restricted	Reproductive
Money	Resolve	Photoshop	Peers	resuscitate Side	organs
Mutual respect		Polite, react	Period	effects Social media	Reproductive
Need negative		Pressure recognise	Politics	Sole parenting	system
Penis		Regular Flossing	Positive mindset	Sperm stepfamilies	strategies stress
Pollution		Resist	prejudice privacy	Trans gender	Surrogacy Testes
Positive Private			proportionately	Transferable skills	Transition
Recycle Reduce				Unrestricted	Tutor
				Wet dreams	

